

Rotor 20

- [Français](#)
- [English](#)

Downloadable files

×

Open access

[Git project](#)

About

Rotor 20 is part of a research program to study the effect of tip velocity ratio on compressors performances. It has been designed for a stage tip velocity ratio of 0.8.

- Original technical report ^[1]:

```
@TechReport{moore1978design,
  author      = {Moore, R. D. and Lewis, George W. and Osborn, Walter
M.},
  date        = {1978},
  institution = {NASA Lewis Research Center Cleveland, OH, United
States},
  title       = {Performance of a Transonic Fan Stage Designed for a
Low Meridional Velocity Ratio},
  number      = {NASA-TP-1298},
  url         =
{https://ntrs.nasa.gov/api/citations/19780025164/downloads/19780025164.pdf
},
```

- Picture :

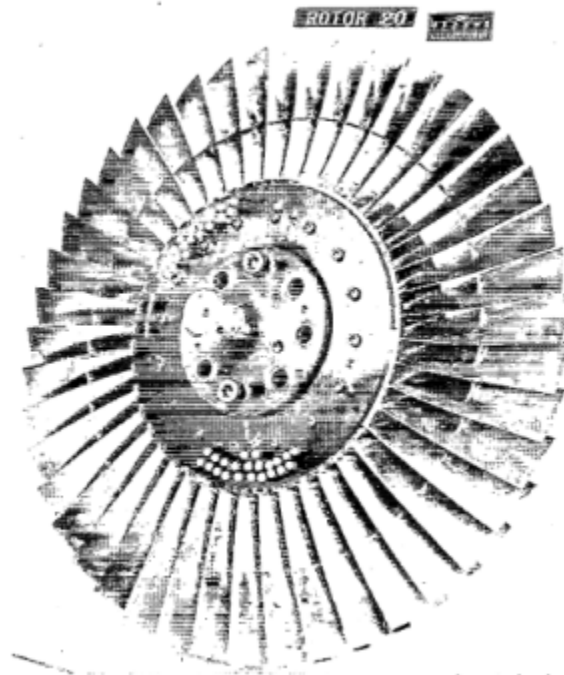


Fig1. <https://ntrs.nasa.gov/api/citations/19780025164/downloads/19780025164.pdf> p.61

Useful documents

- [downloadable models](#) (Git project)
 - NASA technical report (.pdf)
 - geometrical parameters file (.csv), usable as input of OpenMCAD^[2] to generate reference blade models.

Reference blade

The **reference blade** is defined with multiple-circular arc profiles^[3] given in the original NASA report^[1]. Corresponding models are computed with the open-source code OpenMCAD^[2].

Geometry

The geometry of rotor 20 is described in the original NASA report by the following tables. The length are in centimeters and the angles in degrees.

TABLE IV. - BLADE GEOMETRY FOR ROTOR 20

| RP | PERCENT | | | RADII | | | BLADE ANGLES | | | DELTA INC | CONE ANGLE |
|-----|---------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|--------|-----|--------------|---------------|
| | SPAN | RI | RO | KIC | KTC | KOC | KIC | KTC | KOC | | |
| TIP | 0. | 25.281 | 25.171 | 63.94 | 63.97 | 59.17 | 2.52 | -3.006 | | | |
| 1 | 5. | 24.724 | 24.614 | 62.90 | 62.83 | 58.74 | 2.77 | -2.925 | | | |
| 2 | 10. | 24.156 | 24.057 | 61.85 | 61.62 | 58.16 | 3.03 | -2.520 | | | |
| 3 | 30. | 21.810 | 21.629 | 57.80 | 56.14 | 55.16 | 4.11 | 0.434 | | | |
| 4 | 50. | 19.385 | 19.601 | 53.76 | 50.05 | 49.12 | 5.19 | 4.227 | | | |
| 5 | 55. | 18.764 | 19.044 | 52.71 | 48.42 | 46.96 | 5.46 | 5.281 | | | |
| 6 | 58. | 18.451 | 18.766 | 52.18 | 47.58 | 45.80 | 5.59 | 5.834 | | | |
| 7 | 60. | 18.136 | 18.487 | 51.64 | 46.73 | 44.57 | 5.73 | 6.399 | | | |
| 8 | 63. | 17.819 | 18.209 | 51.09 | 45.86 | 43.29 | 5.86 | 6.974 | | | |
| 9 | 70. | 16.851 | 17.373 | 49.43 | 43.22 | 38.64 | 6.26 | 8.822 | | | |
| 10 | 90. | 14.130 | 15.145 | 44.69 | 36.03 | 20.60 | 7.25 | 14.611 | | | |
| 11 | 95. | 13.408 | 14.588 | 43.40 | 34.05 | 14.33 | 7.46 | 16.271 | | | |
| HUB | 100. | 12.700 | 14.031 | 42.12 | 32.06 | 7.30 | 7.64 | 17.597 | | | |

| RP | BLADE THICKNESSES | | | AXIAL DIMENSIONS | | | |
|-----|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | T1 | TM | T0 | Z1C | ZMC | ZTC | ZOC |
| TIP | 0.051 | 0.153 | 0.051 | 1.017 | 2.032 | 2.437 | 3.097 |
| 1 | 0.051 | 0.163 | 0.051 | 0.980 | 2.034 | 2.409 | 3.135 |
| 2 | 0.051 | 0.173 | 0.051 | 0.942 | 2.055 | 2.376 | 3.175 |
| 3 | 0.051 | 0.217 | 0.051 | 0.780 | 2.057 | 2.204 | 3.340 |
| 4 | 0.051 | 0.261 | 0.051 | 0.609 | 2.037 | 1.957 | 3.534 |
| 5 | 0.051 | 0.272 | 0.051 | 0.563 | 2.035 | 1.882 | 3.500 |
| 6 | 0.051 | 0.278 | 0.051 | 0.539 | 2.034 | 1.842 | 3.619 |
| 7 | 0.051 | 0.284 | 0.051 | 0.514 | 2.033 | 1.800 | 3.648 |
| 8 | 0.051 | 0.290 | 0.051 | 0.490 | 2.032 | 1.757 | 3.678 |
| 9 | 0.051 | 0.307 | 0.051 | 0.440 | 2.025 | 1.617 | 3.775 |
| 10 | 0.051 | 0.358 | 0.051 | 0.163 | 1.991 | 1.161 | 4.058 |
| 11 | 0.051 | 0.372 | 0.051 | 0.084 | 1.977 | 1.021 | 4.128 |
| HUB | 0.051 | 0.385 | 0.051 | 0.000 | 1.961 | 0.875 | 4.196 |

Aerodynamic design

| | unit | value |
|------------------|---------|-------|
| pressure ratio | [-] | 1.57 |
| mass flow | [kg/s] | 29.5 |
| tip speed | [m/s] | 425 |
| tip solidity | [-] | 1.3 |
| aspect ratio | [-] | 2.5 |
| number of blades | [-] | 44 |
| rotative speed | [rad/s] | 1686 |

Material properties

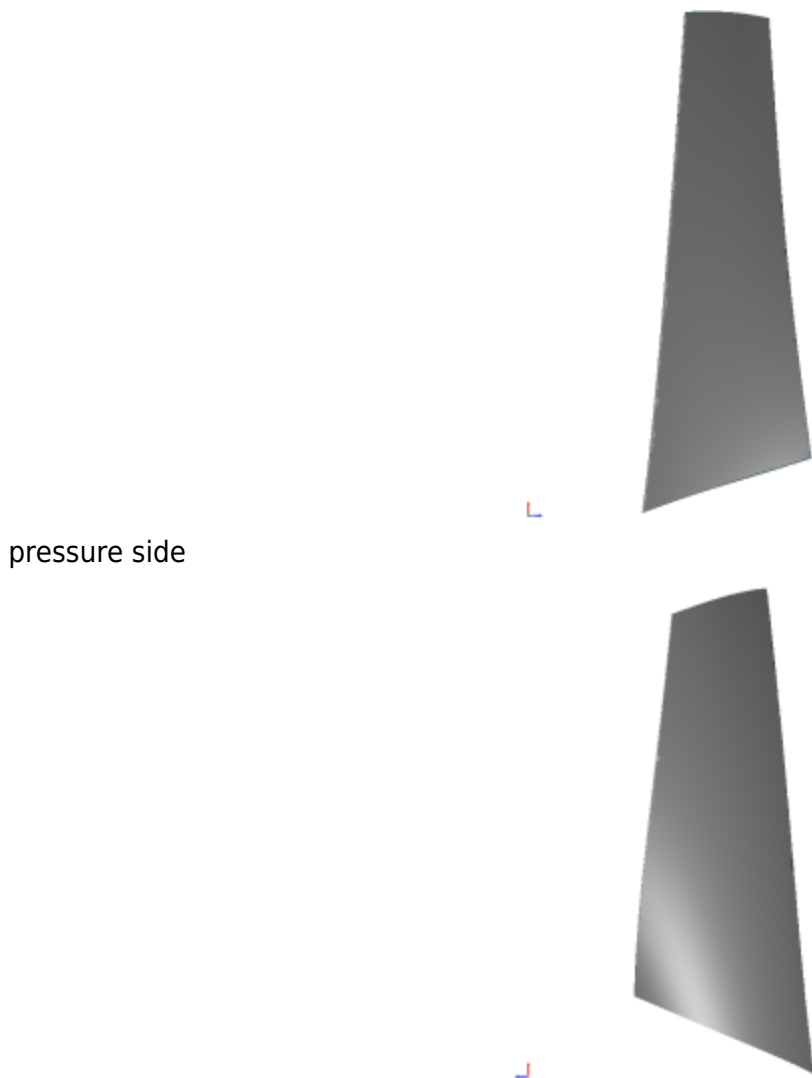
The original material of the rotor 20 is not defined in the NASA report.

Considered properties: Ti-6Al-4V, generic titanium :

| | unit | value |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------|
| alloy | [-] | Ti-6Al-4V |
| Young's modulus | [GPa] | 108 |
| density | [kg/m ³] | 4400 |
| Poisson's ratio | [-] | 0.34 |
| yield stress | [GPa] | 0.824 |

CAD model

The CAD model is computed with the open source code OpenMCAD^[2].



pressure side

suction side

Natural frequencies

First three natural frequencies (with clamped root) for the mesh computed with OpenMCAD^[2]:

| Mode | Type | Natural angular frequency (rad/sec) | Natural frequency (Hz) |
|------|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 1B | 1374.86 | 218.815 |
| 2 | 2B | 5070.79 | 807.042 |
| 3 | 1T | 7887.28 | 1255.3 |

Initial blade

The **initial blade** is defined with in-house LAVA parameters^[4] computed from the reference blade CAD model. The initial blade is usually used as starting point for an optimization process. Its geometry is

similar to the one of the reference blade.

Natural frequencies

First three natural frequencies (with clamped root)

- from the whole mesh:

| Mode | Type | Natural angular frequency (rad/sec) | Natural frequency (Hz) |
|------|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 1B | 1375.47 | 218.913 |
| 2 | 2B | 5066.25 | 806.319 |
| 3 | 1T | 7896.27 | 1256.73 |

- from the reduced order model:

| Mode | Type | Natural angular frequency (rad/sec) | Natural frequency (Hz) |
|------|------|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | 1B | 1375.5 | 218.917 |
| 2 | 2B | 5068.12 | 806.617 |
| 3 | 1T | 7898.53 | 1257.09 |

Fichiers téléchargeables

x

Libre accès

[lien vers le projet Git](#)

À propos

Le rotor 20 fait partie d'un programme de recherche visant à étudier l'effet du rapport de vitesse en tête sur les performances des compresseurs. Il a été conçu pour un rapport de vitesse en tête de 0,8.

- Rapport technique original ^[1]:

```
@TechReport{moore1978design,
  author      = {Moore, R. D. and Lewis, George W. and Osborn, Walter
M.},
  date        = {1978},
  institution = {NASA Lewis Research Center Cleveland, OH, United
States},
  title       = {Performance of a Transonic Fan Stage Designed for a
Low Meridional Velocity Ratio},
  number      = {NASA-TP-1298},
  url         =
{https://ntrs.nasa.gov/api/citations/19780025164/downloads/19780025164.pdf
},
}
```

- Photographie :

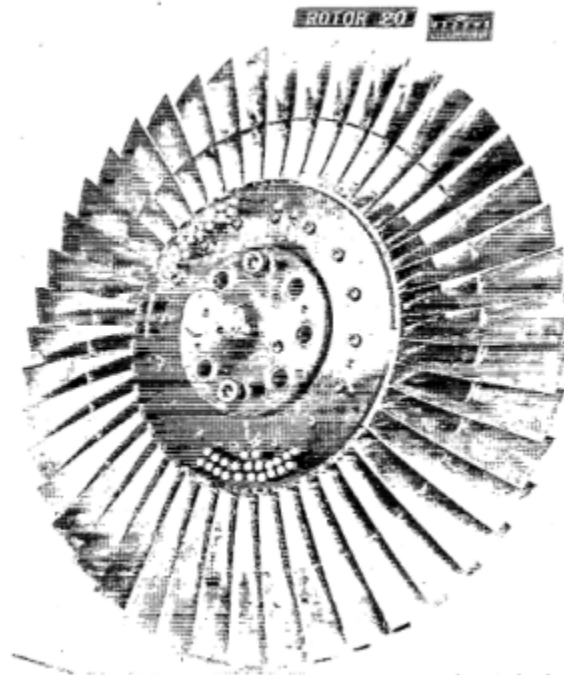


Fig1. <https://ntrs.nasa.gov/api/citations/19780025164/downloads/19780025164.pdf> p.61

Documents utiles

- [modèles téléchargeables](#) (lien vers projet Git)
 - rapport technique original de la NASA (.pdf)
 - fichier de paramètres géométriques (.csv), utilisable en entrée de OpenMCAD^[2] pour générer l'aube de référence

Aube de référence

L'**aube de référence** est définie par des profils de type arcs circulaires multiples^[3], donnés dans le rapport technique original de la NASA^[1]. Les modèles associés sont obtenus avec le code en libre accès OpenMCAD^[2].

Géométrie

La géométrie du rotor 20 est décrite dans le [rapport d'origine de la NASA](#) par les tableaux suivants. Les grandeurs sont en centimètres et en degrés.

TABLE IV. - BLADE GEOMETRY FOR ROTOR 20

| RP | PERCENT | | RADII | | BLADE ANGLES | | | DELTA | CONE |
|-----|---------|--------|--------|-------|--------------|-------|------|--------|------|
| | SPAN | RI | RO | KIC | KTC | KOC | INC | ANGLE | |
| TIP | 0. | 25.281 | 25.171 | 63.94 | 63.97 | 59.17 | 2.52 | -3.006 | |
| 1 | 5. | 24.724 | 24.614 | 62.90 | 62.83 | 58.74 | 2.77 | -2.925 | |
| 2 | 10. | 24.156 | 24.057 | 61.85 | 61.62 | 58.16 | 3.03 | -2.520 | |
| 3 | 30. | 21.810 | 21.629 | 57.80 | 56.14 | 55.16 | 4.11 | 0.434 | |
| 4 | 50. | 19.385 | 19.601 | 53.76 | 50.05 | 49.12 | 5.19 | 4.227 | |
| 5 | 55. | 18.764 | 19.044 | 52.71 | 48.42 | 46.96 | 5.46 | 5.281 | |
| 6 | 58. | 18.451 | 18.766 | 52.18 | 47.58 | 45.80 | 5.59 | 5.834 | |
| 7 | 60. | 18.136 | 18.487 | 51.64 | 46.73 | 44.57 | 5.73 | 6.399 | |
| 8 | 63. | 17.819 | 18.209 | 51.09 | 45.86 | 43.29 | 5.86 | 6.974 | |
| 9 | 70. | 16.851 | 17.373 | 49.43 | 43.22 | 38.64 | 6.26 | 8.822 | |
| 10 | 90. | 14.130 | 15.145 | 44.69 | 36.03 | 20.60 | 7.25 | 14.611 | |
| 11 | 95. | 13.408 | 14.588 | 43.40 | 34.05 | 14.33 | 7.46 | 16.271 | |
| HUB | 100. | 12.700 | 14.031 | 42.12 | 32.06 | 7.30 | 7.64 | 17.597 | |

| RP | BLADE THICKNESSES | | | AXIAL DIMENSIONS | | | |
|-----|-------------------|-------|-------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | T1 | TM | T0 | Z1C | ZMC | ZTC | ZOC |
| TIP | 0.051 | 0.153 | 0.051 | 1.017 | 2.032 | 2.437 | 3.097 |
| 1 | 0.051 | 0.163 | 0.051 | 0.980 | 2.034 | 2.409 | 3.135 |
| 2 | 0.051 | 0.173 | 0.051 | 0.942 | 2.035 | 2.376 | 3.175 |
| 3 | 0.051 | 0.217 | 0.051 | 0.780 | 2.037 | 2.204 | 3.340 |
| 4 | 0.051 | 0.261 | 0.051 | 0.609 | 2.037 | 1.957 | 3.534 |
| 5 | 0.051 | 0.272 | 0.051 | 0.563 | 2.035 | 1.882 | 3.500 |
| 6 | 0.051 | 0.278 | 0.051 | 0.539 | 2.034 | 1.842 | 3.619 |
| 7 | 0.051 | 0.284 | 0.051 | 0.514 | 2.033 | 1.800 | 3.648 |
| 8 | 0.051 | 0.290 | 0.051 | 0.490 | 2.032 | 1.757 | 3.678 |
| 9 | 0.051 | 0.307 | 0.051 | 0.470 | 2.025 | 1.617 | 3.775 |
| 10 | 0.051 | 0.358 | 0.051 | 0.163 | 1.991 | 1.161 | 4.058 |
| 11 | 0.051 | 0.372 | 0.051 | 0.084 | 1.977 | 1.021 | 4.128 |
| HUB | 0.051 | 0.385 | 0.051 | 0.000 | 1.961 | 0.875 | 4.196 |

Caractéristiques aérodynamiques

| | unités | valeurs |
|---------------------|---------|---------|
| taux de compression | [-] | 1,57 |
| débit massique | [kg/s] | 29,5 |
| vitesse en tête | [m/s] | 425 |
| solidité en tête | [-] | 1,3 |
| allongement | [-] | 2,5 |
| nombre d'aubes | [-] | 44 |
| vitesse de rotation | [rad/s] | 1686 |

Propriétés matériau

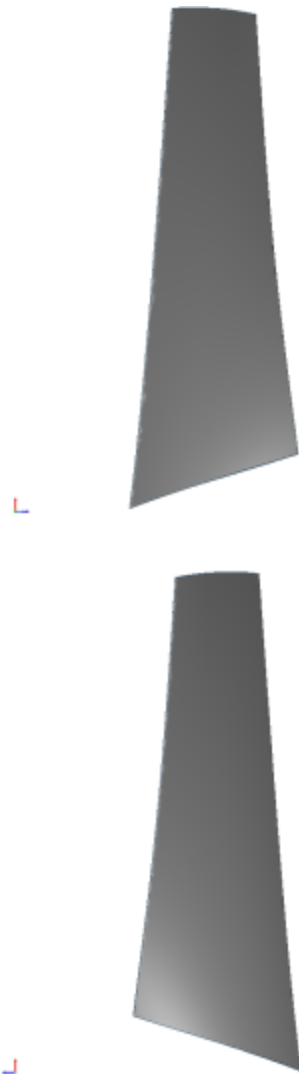
Le matériau original du rotor 20 n'est pas défini dans le rapport de la NASA.

Propriétés considérées : alliage de titane Ti-6Al-4v :

| | unité | valeurs |
|------------------------|---------|-----------|
| alliage | [-] | Ti-6Al-4v |
| module d'Young | [GPa] | 108 |
| masse volumique | [kg/m3] | 4400 |
| coefficient de Poisson | [-] | 0,34 |
| limite élastique | [GPa] | 0,824 |

Modèle CAO

Le modèle CAO est obtenu avec OpenMCAD^[2].



intrados

extrados

Fréquences propres

Fréquences des trois premiers modes (noeuds du pied d'aube encastrés) pour le maillage obtenu avec OpenMCAD^[2] :

| Mode | Type | Pulsation propre (rad/sec) | Fréquence propre (Hz) |
|------|------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 1F | 1374,86 | 218,815 |
| 2 | 2F | 5070,79 | 807,042 |
| 3 | 1T | 7887,28 | 125,3 |

Aube initiale

L'**aube initiale** est définie par des paramètres spécifiques au LAVA^[4] obtenus à partir du modèle CAO de

l'aube de référence. L'aube initiale est classiquement utilisée comme point de départ dans le cadre de procédures d'optimisation; sa géométrie est similaire à celle de l'aube de référence.

Fréquences propres

Fréquences des trois premiers modes (noeuds du pied d'aube encastres),

- pour le maillage complet :

| Mode | Type | Pulsation propre (rad/sec) | Fréquence propre (Hz) |
|------|------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 1F | 1375,47 | 218,913 |
| 2 | 2F | 5066,25 | 806,319 |
| 3 | 1T | 7896,27 | 1256,73 |

- pour le modèle réduit :

| Mode | Type | Pulsation propre (rad/sec) | Fréquence propre (Hz) |
|------|------|----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | 1F | 1375,5 | 218,917 |
| 2 | 2F | 5068,12 | 806,617 |
| 3 | 1T | 7898,53 | 1257,09 |

</tabs>

- ^{a, b, c, d} Moore. «Performance of a Transonic Fan Stage Designed for a Low Meridional Velocity Ratio » 1978. [pdf](#)
- ^{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h} Kojtych S., Batailly A. «OpenMCAD, an open blade generator: from Multiple-Circular-Arc profiles to Computer-Aided Design model» 2022. [code en libre accès](#)
- ^{a, b} Crouse *et al.* «A computer program for composing compressor blading from simulated circular-arc elements on conical surfaces » 1969. NASA-TN-D-5437. [pdf](#)
- ^{a, b} Kojtych S. *et al.* «Methodology for the Redesign of Compressor Blades Undergoing Nonlinear Structural Interactions: Application to Blade-Tip/Casing Contacts » 2022. Journal of Engineering for Gas Turbines and Power, Vol. 145, No. 5. [pdf](#)

Document issu de la page wiki:

https://lava-wiki.meca.polymtl.ca/public/modeles/rotor_20/accueil?rev=1679275471

Dernière mise à jour: **2023/04/05 08:59**